PMAC PRINCE MAHIDOL AWARD CONFERENCE 2024

PL2

GEOPOLITICAL PUPPETEERS: IDENTIFYING THE ROLES OF HIDDEN ACTORS SHAPING THE COMMERCIAL DETERMINANTS OF GLOBAL HEALTH

| BACKGROUND

Commercial determinants of health (CDoH) refers to “strategies and approaches used by the private sector to promote products and choices that are detrimental to health” (Kickbusch, 2016). It is also “the systems, practices, and pathways through which commercial actors drive health and equity” (Gilmore et al., 2023; Mialon, 2020). The health impacts of CDoH are shaped by the ways in which the global economic and trade systems, global institutions and powerful countries enable adverse commercial activity, undermining “public health policies, including WHO guidance, through lobbying, legal threats, ineffective self-regulation, distorting evidence, concealing their practices, and other actions” (Ghebreyesus, 2023). While there are commercial organizations that have a positive impact on health and society, specific commercial goods and behaviors are directly linked to preventable health issues, environmental degradation, and disparities in health and social aspects. The main culprits behind these issues are typically large, multinational corporations. Development and implementation of policies to counter CDoH to reduce their harmful human health and environmental impacts is therefore an important task for nations and global health actors and institutions (Ghebreyesus, 2023; Friel et al., 2023). Addressing commercial determinants of health is vital in light of climate change, promising dual benefits for the environment and health. According to the EAT- Lancet Commission report, shifts towards consuming less sugar, salt, and saturated fat, and more plant-based foods can combat climate change and enhance health (Willett et al., 2019). Advocating for sustainable, healthy food systems can mitigate climate impacts and contribute to a more sustainable future. The increasing climate damage as presented in the recent synthesis IPCC report (IPCC AR6 SYR from March 2023) accentuates the urgency of this action.

There is an urgent need for action on countering the CDoH at the global level and within countries to ensure health and health equity. These actions should include rebalancing power asymmetries, strengthening multi-level governance that puts people before profits, transformative change in economic and political systems, international and domestic policy and frameworks and strong civil society mobilisation (Friel et al., 2023).

| OBJECTIVES

Sub-theme 2 aims to discuss a way forward by exploring strategies and approaches that mitigate the harmful effects of CDoH on health and instead channel their influence towards promoting fairness, equality, and the overall well-being of individuals and the planet. This requires considering geopolitical considerations and developing policies and interventions that reshape the commercial sector's practices to prioritize health and social equity. The future directions should emphasize the need for a multi-faceted approach that addresses the complex and interconnected factors that contribute to commercial determinants of health. The governments should regulate and limit commercial practices that harm public health, support practices that promote health, and promote health literacy and consumer awareness. Additionally, the need to address commercial determinants of health in conjunction with social determinants of health and promote health equity is crucial (Maani, 2018).

Plenary 2 will identify hidden entities influencing global health, such as multinational corporation and lobbyists. The parallel sessions will subsequently explore these for four specific themes/industries – 1) food, beverage and agricultural industry; 2) energy producing industries; 3) “new” technologies; and 4) the pharmaceutical and medical devices industry.This discussion also highlights the ethical implications of these actors' influence, including health disparities and environmental harm. It will pinpoint gaps in current legislation, suggesting improvements for regulatory frameworks. By fostering public discourse, this dialogue enhances accountability, motivates responsible practices among these hidden actors, and raises public awareness about CDoH. Key actions are as follows:

- **To investigate the covert actors and forces** shaping the impact of commercial determinants on global health
- **To explore the interconnectedness** between geopolitical dynamics and the influences of hidden actors on global health through commercial determinants
- **To discuss the ethical implications of hidden actors’ involvement** in shaping commercial determinants and their impact on vulnerable populations.
- **To assess the role of regulatory frameworks in monitoring and addressing the influence of hidden actors**

on global health through commercial determinants.
- **To propose policy recommendations and interventions to increase transparency and accountability in relation to hidden actors' influence** on global health via commercial determinants.

References

- Friel S., Collin J., Daube M. et al. "Commercial determinants of health: future directions." The Lancet 401.10383 (2023): 1229-1240.
- Ghebreyesus, T. A. (2023). Achieving health for all requires action on the economic and commercial determinants of health. In Lancet series on commercial determinants of health. The Lancet https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)00574-3
- Gilmore A., Fabbri A., Baum F. et al. (2023). Defining and conceptualising the commercial determinants of health. In Lancet series on commercial determinants of health. The Lancet https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)00013-2
- IPCC Synthesis Report: Climate Change 2023. (n.d.). IPCC. https://www.ipcc.ch/report/ar6/syr/
- Kickbusch, I., Allen, L. and Franz, C. (2016) "The commercial determinants of health.", The Lancet Global Health, 4(12).
- Maani, N. (2018). Commercial determinants of health: A call for government action. World Medical & Health Policy, 10(1), 49-60. https://doi.org/10.1002/wmh3.250
- Mialon M. (2020). An overview of the commercial determinants of health. Globalization and health. 2020;16(1):74
- Willett W., Rockström J., Loken B. et al. (2019) "Food in the Anthropocene: the EAT–Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems." The lancet 393.10170 (2019): 447-492.



Keynote

Lawrence O. Gostin

Founding O'Neill Chair and Faculty Director

O'Neill Institute for National and Global Health Law, Georgetown University
United States of America

Lawrence O. Gostin is Distinguished University Professor, Georgetown University's highest academic rank, Faculty Director of the O'Neill Institute for National and Global Health Law, and the Founding O'Neill Chair in Global Health Law. He is Professor of Medicine at Georgetown University and Professor of Public Health at the Johns Hopkins University.

Prof. Gostin is the Director of the World Health Organization Collaborating Center on National and Global Health Law. He is supporting the drafting of a WHO Pandemic Treaty and serves on WHO's Review Committee for amendments to the IHR.

Professor Gostin has been at the center of public policy and law through multiple epidemics from AIDS, SARS, and Influenza H1N1 to Ebola, MERS, Zika, and Monkeypox. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Prof is working with the White House, federal public health agencies, and the WHO.

Prof. Gostin holds multiple international academic professorial appointments, including at Oxford University, the University of Witwatersrand (South Africa), Melbourne University, and Sydney University. Prof. Gostin served on the Governing Board of Directors of the Consortium of Universities for Global Health.

Prof. Gostin is an elected lifetime Member of the National Academy of Medicine/National Academy of Sciences, a Member of the Council on Foreign Relations, and Fellow of the Hastings Center. In 2016, President Obama appointed Prof. Gostin to a six-year term on the President's National Cancer Advisory Board.

Gostin's two books published by Harvard University Press have been widely acclaimed. His book on the COVID-19 pandemic, Global Health Security: A Blueprint for the Future (HUP 2021) won the prestigious Association of American Publishers PROSE Award for Professional and Scholarly Excellence in Biological and Life Sciences, and the best book for 2021 in Clinical Medicine.
Gostin's classic textbook, Global Health Law (HUP, 2014) is read throughout the world—translated and published in simplified and traditional Chinese, in Korean, and in Spanish.

Internationally, Prof. Gostin received the Key to Tohoko University (Japan) for distinguished service for human rights in mental health. In the United Kingdom, the National Consumer Council bestowed Prof Gostin with the Rosemary Delbridge Memorial Award for the person "who has most influenced Parliament and government to act for the welfare of society."